Node-Level Performance Engineering

https://tiny.cc/NLPE-SC21

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SC21 Full-day tutorial #131

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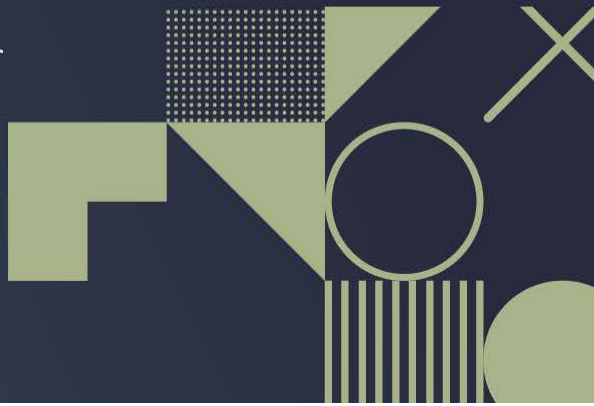

Agenda

- Part I
  - Introduction to compute node architecture
  - Performance tools 1: topology and affinity
  - Microbenchmarking as a tool
  - Demo
  - Introduction to the Roofline model
  - Performance tools 2: hardware performance counters
  - Demo

- Part II
  - Case study: tall & skinny matrix-matrix multiplication
  - Case study: Stencil codes
  - Demo
  - Case study: sparse matrix-vector multiplication
  - Programming for Single Instruction Multiple Data (SIMD) parallelism
  - Programming for ccNUMA

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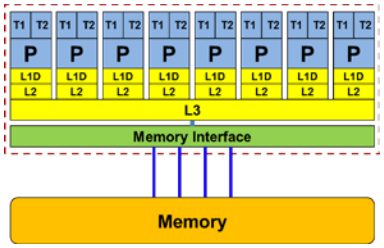
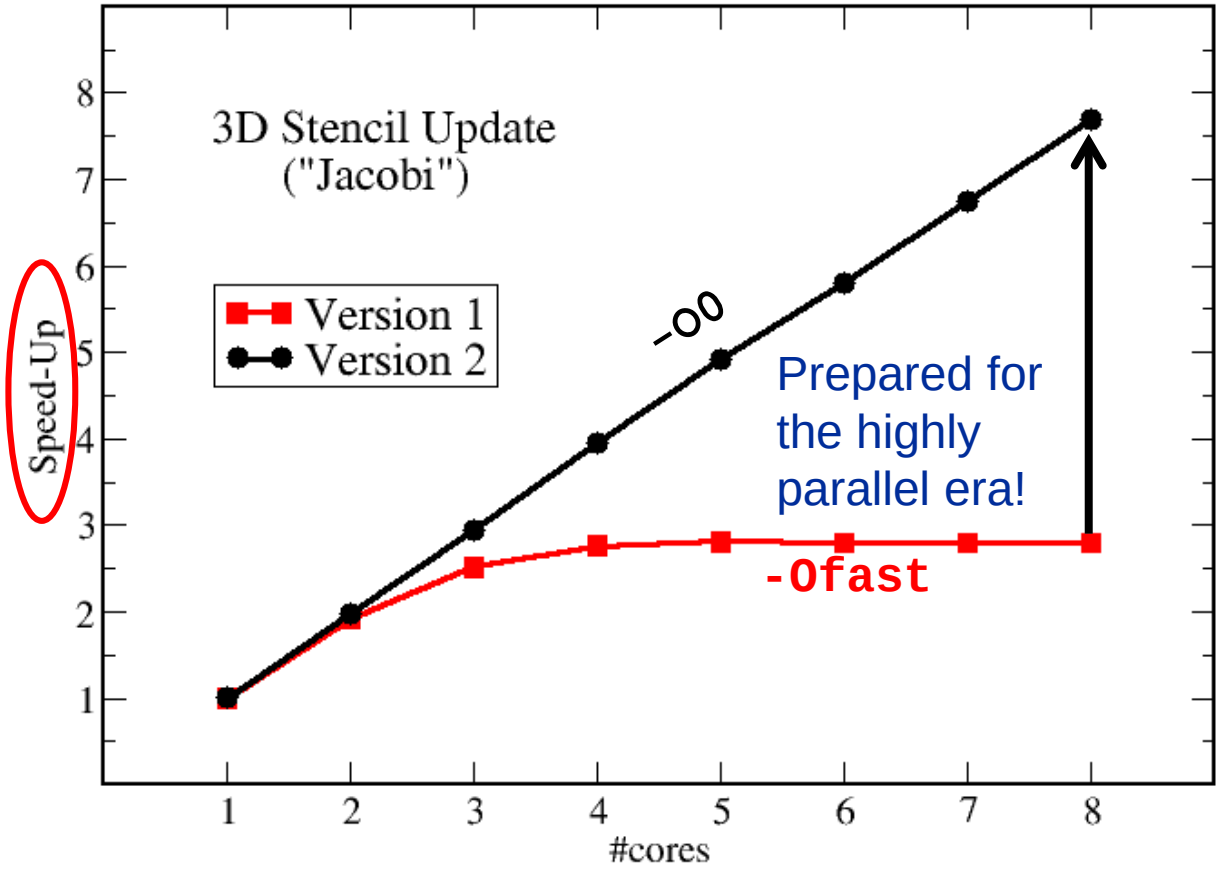
Prelude: Scalability 4 the win!

Scalability Myth: Code scalability is the key issue

```
!$OMP PARALLEL DO
do k = 1 , Nk
  do j = 1 , Nj; do i = 1 , Ni
     y(i,j,k)= b*(  x(i-1,j,k)+ x(i+1,j,k)+ x(i,j-1,k)+
                    x(i,j+1,k)+ x(i,j,k-1)+ x(i,j,k+1))
    enddo; enddo
enddo
!$OMP END PARALLEL DO
```

Changing only the compile options makes this code scalable on an 8-core chip





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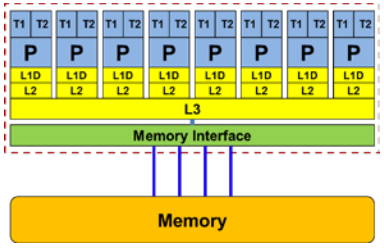
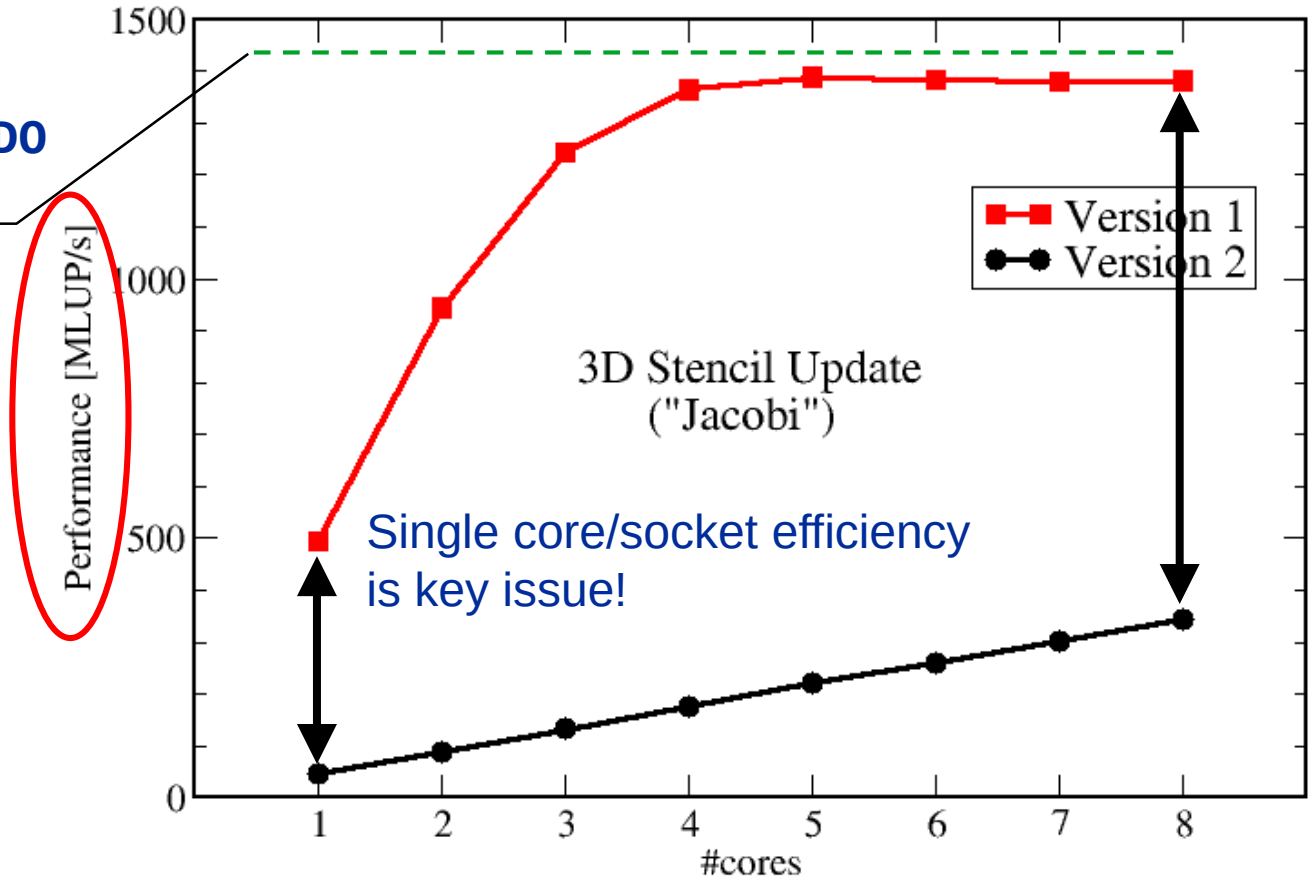
```

Upper limit from simple performance model:
35 GB/s & 24 Byte/update





Questions to ask in high performance computing

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- Do I understand the performance behavior of my code?
  - Does the performance match a model I have made?
- What is the optimal performance for my code on a given machine?
  - High Performance Computing == Computing at the bottleneck
- Can I change my code so that the “optimal performance” gets higher?
  - Circumventing/ameliorating the impact of the bottleneck
- My model does not work – what’s wrong?
  - This is the good case, because you learn something
  - Performance monitoring / microbenchmarking may help clear up the situation